

TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

Instrucțiuni:

Timpul de lucru este de 90 minute.

Toate subiectele sunt obligatorii.

Răspunsurile se scriu pe foaia de concurs.

Nota minimă de trecere a probei este 5,00 (20 itemi).

A. Partea I: CITIT

Choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

According to Greek mythology, Atlas was a Titan of enormous strength. After being defeated by the god Zeus, Atlas was forced to carry the earth and the sky for an eternity. In depictions of Atlas, he is shown as a stooped figure carrying the globe on his shoulders. Because of his association with the globe, maps began to be decorated with this image of Atlas. Accordingly, the word “atlas” became a nickname for a collection of maps. Today, an atlas refers to any book that consists of a bound collection of maps. For example, an atlas can be made up of maps of the countries of the world or of the states of the United States. Sometimes an atlas will also contain graphs and charts with other statistical information about the culture, religion, climate, or government of the population of a given area.

1. What is the topic of the text?
 - a. Atlas;
 - b. Greek mythology;
 - c. Climate;
 - d. The United States.
2. Based on information in the passage, it can be inferred that Atlas supported the earth and the sky because he was
 - a. a slave to the god Zeus.
 - b. a Titan of enormous strength.
 - c. punished after losing to Zeus.
 - d. associated with maps and globes.
3. Based on information in the passage, it can be inferred that the additional charts and graphs in an atlas could include information about ...
 - a. religion and climate.
 - b. books.
 - c. Greek mythology.
 - d. depictions of Atlas.

There is a small fire station in town. At this station, the firefighters are volunteers. That means they work for free. The fire station gets some money from the government to take care of the building and the fire truck. But the fire station has a problem. Last winter, a pipe in the fire station froze. Then it burst. Water went everywhere. There is a lot of damage. Now the building cannot be used. What is worse, the fire station does not have enough money for the repairs needed to fix the damage. The people in town are worried about what will happen if there is a fire and no working fire station. But they will figure out a way to solve the problem. They always do!

4. The main problem in the town is that ...
- people in town are happy.
 - the firefighters make a lot of money.
 - people cannot fix the fire station.
 - no pipe in the fire station froze last winter.
5. According to the author, the water went everywhere because the pipe ...
- froze.
 - leaked.
 - burst.
 - broke.
6. What is the subject of the text?
- a problem of health;
 - a problem of the government;
 - a problem of volunteers;
 - a problem from the fire station.

I am the mother of three children. My youngest daughter is sick. She has an illness that will never go away, but it can be managed. She needs medicine to manage her illness. This medicine used to cost ten dollars a month. Now it costs thirty dollars a month. Without this medicine, my daughter has trouble breathing. Sometimes her lungs do not work well. She cannot get enough air into her lungs. Then she needs the medicine to help her lungs work again. We have to buy the medicine. We do not have a choice. But it will be hard to find an extra thirty dollars a month. Our family will have to spend less money on other things.

7. The text informs us about ...
- a family party.
 - a girl's breathing problem.
 - a family tree.
 - a girl's younger daughter.
8. How much was the medicine in the past?
- ten dollars a month;
 - twenty dollars a month;
 - three dollars a month;
 - ten hundred dollars a month.
9. The daughter needs the medicine to ...
- cure the illness.
 - stop the illness.
 - manage the illness.
 - treat the illness.

Next week I am on vacation. While I am on vacation, I will work on two projects.

First, I will fix the washing machine. The washing machine has been broken for two weeks. To fix it, I will need three tools: a screwdriver, a wrench, and a clamp. It will take one day to fix the washing machine.

Next, I will fix our back porch. This is a bigger project. It will probably take about two days to fix the back porch, and will require a screwdriver, a hammer, nails, and a saw.

My vacation starts on Monday. I have a lot of work to do, but hopefully I can relax after I finish my work.

10. What is the text about?
- shopping tools;
 - plans for vacation;
 - shopping for vacation;
 - plans for a trip.

11. When does the holiday start?
- a. tomorrow;
 - b. the day after tomorrow;
 - c. on Monday;
 - d. the day before yesterday.
12. The author of the text can be described as ...
- a. good at gardening.
 - b. lazy.
 - c. hard working.
 - d. nerd.

While it is clear that understanding the social, cultural, religious, and occupational beliefs and needs of the surrounding population is essential, it is also absolutely necessary that we discuss another aspect of the project: funding. The cost of design is estimated to be \$50,000. The cost of materials is estimated to be \$75,000. The cost of labor is estimated to be \$100,000. These costs are substantial. That is why it is very important that we have a plan in place to cover them all. It has been confirmed that \$50,000 of the cost will be paid for through the generous donation of Willa J. Arthur. We are very appreciative of Mrs. Arthur's donation, as it covers the cost of design. However, this does not pay for the entire project. We still need to raise \$175,000 for materials and labor.

13. The topics of the text is:
- a. community;
 - b. funding;
 - c. religion;
 - d. construction.
14. What is the sum of money donated by Mrs. Arthur?
- a. \$50,000.
 - b. \$100,000.
 - c. \$75,000.
 - d. \$175,000.
15. What does Mrs. Arthur's donation cover?
- a. the cost of materials;
 - b. the project itself;
 - c. the cost of design;
 - d. the labor.

B. Partea a II-a: ELEMENTE DE GRAMATICĂ ȘI VOCABULAR

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

16. I'm afraid I what to say now.
- a. am not knowing;
 - b. do not know;
 - c. know not;
 - d. can not know.
17. If you money, buy me a black coffee, please.
- a. had;
 - b. has;
 - c. have;
 - d. will have.
18. are these two shirts?
- a. What;
 - b. How much;
 - c. What prices;
 - d. How many.

19. Your car is faster than
a. my.
b. mine.
c. my's.
d. mine's.
20. Has your friend any hobbies?
a. gets;
b. get;
c. got;
d. getting.
21. That was we could do.
a. only;
b. just;
c. all;
d. everybody.
22. I always get up at 6 in the morning.
a. hour;
b. time;
c. o'clock;
d. clock.
23. I stayed in a chalet during my vacation year.
a. last;
b. for;
c. next;
d. after.
24. I speak to your daughter, please?
a. Shall;
b. Need;
c. Must;
d. May.
25. Does your sister believe ghosts?..
a. with;
b. of;
c. in;
d. to.
26. He got a job in a furniture
a. society.
b. fabric.
c. industry.
d. factory.
27. His father him how to fish and hunt.
a. guided;
b. taught;
c. learnt;
d. described.

28. I hands with him when he came in.
a. gave.
b. greeted.
c. offered.
d. shook.
29. "How are you?" "I'm eighteen".
a. clever;
b. tall;
c. old;
d. youngest.
30. Tennis is a invented a century ago.
a. play;
b. sport;
c. match;
d. games.
31. Where can we get a dictionary? Let's John's.
a. lend;
b. bring;
c. find;
d. barrow.
32. The wending machine is out of we have to go somewhere else.
a. function;
b. order;
c. running;
d. work.
33. Put the flowers in that on the table.
a. mug;
b. cup;
c. vase;
d. bucket.
34. Take hold of it firmly it falls.
a. in case;
b. because;
c. for;
d. since.
35. If you don't eating so many sweets you'll grow flat.
a. give off;
b. give out;
c. give from;
d. give up.

C. Partea a III-a: SCRIS

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

36. What is the correct sentence?
a. I'm eating an orange now.
b. Now I'm eating orange an.
c. An orange now eating I'm.
d. Orange an eating I'm now.

37. What is the most appropriate closing remark to refuse a formal invitation?
- I can't come.
 - I don't come.
 - Unfortunately, we will be unable to attend.....
 - Sorry!
38. What is the most appropriate opening remark to apologize for something in an informal situation?
- I'm really sorry about
 - Please accept my apology
 - Once again, please accept our sincerest apologies ...
 - I'm writing to offer my sincere apologies regarding ...
39. A question mark is used
- at the beginning of a sentence.
 - before names of people.
 - to end a direct question.
 - to end an indirect question.
40. Choose the correct sentence:
- Have you to London been ever?
 - Have you ever been to London?
 - Have you been ever to London?
 - Have you to London ever been?
41. A capital letter is used ...:
- before a comma;
 - for nationalities and languages;
 - to end a sentence;
 - to end an exclamatory sentence.
42. How would you begin a formal giving information letter?
- Did you know that?
 - The following information may be of use to you
 - The information should help you ...
 - I have sent you
43. Choose the most appropriate line to begin an application letter?
- That job is mine, so
 - I want a job
 - I am writing to apply for the position ...
 - I'm good at ...
44. Choose the best closing remarks for making formal requests:
- I hope you can help me!
 - Thank you in advance for your assistance in this matter!
 - Help me!
 - Could you help me?
45. Choose the right sentence, paying attention to the words' order:
- I would buy the book, if money I had.
 - I would buy the book, if I had money.
 - If I had money, I would buy book the.
 - The book buy I would, if I had money.

NOTĂ: Evaluarea se efectuează astfel:

- Partea I = 3 puncte (15 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 3 puncte);
- Partea a II-a = 4 puncte (20 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 4 puncte);
- Partea a III-a = 2 puncte (10 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 2 puncte);
- Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu.

GRILĂ DE EVALUARE LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

1	a	b	c	d
2	a	b	c	d
3	a	b	c	d
4	a	b	c	d
5	a	b	c	d
6	a	b	c	d
7	a	b	c	d
8	a	b	c	d
9	a	b	c	d
10	a	b	c	d
11	a	b	c	d
12	a	b	c	d
13	a	b	c	d
14	a	b	c	d
15	a	b	c	d

16	a	b	c	d
17	a	b	c	d
18	a	b	c	d
19	a	b	c	d
20	a	b	c	d
21	a	b	c	d
22	a	b	c	d
23	a	b	c	d
24	a	b	c	d
25	a	b	c	d
26	a	b	c	d
27	a	b	c	d
28	a	b	c	d
29	a	b	c	d
30	a	b	c	d

31	a	b	c	d
32	a	b	c	d
33	a	b	c	d
34	a	b	c	d
35	a	b	c	d
36	a	b	c	d
37	a	b	c	d
38	a	b	c	d
39	a	b	c	d
40	a	b	c	d
41	a	b	c	d
42	a	b	c	d
43	a	b	c	d
44	a	b	c	d
45	a	b	c	d

NOMOGRAMA DE TRANSFORMARE A ITEMILOR ÎN NOTĂ

Nr. itemi	Nota	Nr. itemi	Nota	Nr. itemi	Nota
0.	1,00				
1.	1,20	16.	4,20	31.	7,20
2.	1,40	17.	4,40	32.	7,40
3.	1,60	18.	4,60	33.	7,60
4.	1,80	19.	4,80	34.	7,80
5.	2,00	20.	5,00	35.	8,00
6.	2,20	21.	5,20	36.	8,20
7.	2,40	22.	5,40	37.	8,40
8.	2,60	23.	5,60	38.	8,60
9.	2,80	24.	5,80	39.	8,80
10.	3,00	25.	6,00	40.	9,00
11.	3,20	26.	6,20	41.	9,20
12.	3,40	27.	6,40	42.	9,40
13.	3,60	28.	6,60	43.	9,60
14.	3,80	29.	6,80	44.	9,80
15.	4,00	30.	7,00	45.	10