

TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

VARIANTA 1

Instrucțiuni:

Timpul de lucru este de 90 minute.

Toate subiectele sunt obligatorii.

Răspunsurile se scriu pe foaia de răspuns.

Nota minimă de promovare a probei este 5,00 (20 itemi).

A. Partea I: CITIT

Read the texts below and choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

Chris Sayers is a trapeze artist at Zippo's Circus. It took him ten years of training before he felt confident enough to perform six meters above the ground. Since then he has become one of the few people in the world who can do four somersaults one after the other. There are many risks involved in this job. Trapeze artists need to work with a partner they can depend on. When flying through the air at 60 mph, they have to be sure their partner will catch them. People who work at the circus love the risks and the thrill of their profession. Broken bones are part of their job, but they never give up.

1. Which is the best title for this article?
 - a. Chris Sayers – the best trapeze artist at Zippo's Circus.
 - b. How to join the circus.
 - c. Hard training at the circus.
 - d. Circus – a unique and amazing experience.
2. How long has Chris Sayers trained to perform perfectly?
 - a. for four years;
 - b. for ten years;
 - c. all his life;
 - d. for a short time.
3. What may happen to people who work at the circus?
 - a. they may jump;
 - b. they may get the flu;
 - c. they may break their bones;
 - d. they can do four somersaults.

We all know that life in our city is getting more and more difficult. Exhaust fumes and smoke from the factories are polluting the air and the streets are dirty. We have to make our city a better place to live in. First of all, the government should improve public transport. If this happens, people will not have to use their cars to get around. Furthermore, people should get involved in recycling different useless things. In this way, there will be less rubbish to pollute the environment.

Finally, we should ban cars from the city centre so that we can make streets cleaner, safer and quieter.

All things considered, there are many things we can do to improve our city and consequently our lives as well.

4. Which is the best title for this article?
 - a. How to improve living conditions in our city.
 - b. Advantages and disadvantages of living in the city.
 - c. How authorities should get involved in social issues.
 - d. Level of pollution in our city.

5. What is the greatest disadvantage of the factories?
- they use rubbish;
 - they exhaust fumes and smoke;
 - they make noise;
 - they make dirt.
6. What should the government improve in our city?
- parking areas;
 - markets;
 - public transport;
 - shopping areas.

Harrods is a famous store in Knightsbridge, London.

In the beginning, Harrods was just a small grocer's shop. It was opened in 1849 and run by Charles Henry Harrod. His son took over and added medicines and perfumes, as well as fruit, flowers, sweets and a van delivery service.

Over the years, Harrods has survived a fire, two World Wars and even two bombings. In 1983, Harrods moved abroad and opened a branch in Japan and later others in Hong Kong, Singapore and Taiwan, as well as airport shops in most major European cities.

Today, around 35 000 people visit Harrods every day. It has got 300 departments spread over seven floors and employs over 4000 staff. Harrods sells everything from clothes to caviar. The Food Halls are still the heart and soul of Harrods.

The Harrods name means the best of British quality, service and style.

7. Which is the best title for this article?
- Branches of Harrods around the world.
 - Sales at Harrods.
 - Harrods, a fascinating place to visit.
 - Departments at Harrods.
8. When did Harrods move abroad?
- in 1849;
 - some years ago;
 - during World War II;
 - in 1983.
9. How many floors are there inside Harrods?
- 7;
 - 1;
 - 300;
 - over 7.

There are only two hundred combat soldiers in the British Army who can parachute into the sea, dive for hours in freezing waters and then spy in enemy territory successfully. James Rennie is one of them. This isn't his real name because his own identity has to be kept secret. It takes five long years of training before such a soldier can go on a special mission. According to James, the toughest part of the business is spying. £45 000 per year might sound like a lot, but few people would risk their lives for less.

10. Choose the right title for this paragraph:
- A tricky job.
 - James Rennie's false identity.
 - Special combat soldiers in the British Army.
 - Training in the British Army.
11. What is so amazing about soldiers' missions?
- they can dive for hours in freezing waters;
 - they can swim for hours underwater;
 - they can dive for hours in hot waters;
 - they can hold their breath for hours.

12. In James Rennie's opinion, what is the most difficult part of a mission?
- fighting an enemy;
 - spying;
 - parachuting;
 - running.

Today, millions of people want to learn or improve their English, but it is difficult to find the best method. Is it better to study in Britain or America or to study in your own country?

The advantages of going to Britain seem obvious. Firstly, you will be able to listen to the language all the time you are in the country. You will be surrounded completely by the language wherever you go. Another advantage is that you have to speak the language if you are with other people.

On the other hand, there are also advantages to staying at home and studying. You don't have to make big changes to your life. As well as this, it is also a lot cheaper than going to Britain, but it is never possible to achieve the results of living in the U.K.

So, if you have enough time and enough money, the best choice is to spend some time in the U.K. Of course, this is simply not possible for most people. The most important thing to do in this situation is to maximize your opportunities: to speak only English in class and try to use English whenever possible outside the class.

13. What is the article about?
- How many people learn English?
 - Advantages of going to Britain.
 - English schools in England and America.
 - The best way to learn English.
14. What is one of the advantages of going to the U.K. to learn English?
- You can make English friends.
 - The language schools are better.
 - The teachers are better.
 - You will have to speak English and not your language.
15. People who do not have a lot of time and money should:
- learn English with friends;
 - try to speak English in class more often;
 - learn English at home;
 - learn English in Britain.

B. Partea a II-a: ELEMENTE DE GRAMATICĂ ȘI VOCABULAR

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

16. Last summer, I ... to the beach almost every day.
- went;
 - have been;
 - was going;
 - will go.
17. Could you help me with ... exercises I don't understand?
- few;
 - little;
 - a few;
 - a little.
18. ... to Barcelona before?
- Are you ever going ...
 - Do you ever go ...
 - Have you ever been ...
 - Have you ever been going ...

19. My brother ... write when he was just four years old.
a. can;
b. could;
c. should;
d. might.
20. I think there is a picture of the hotel ... the 1st page.
a. to;
b. at;
c. in;
d. on.
21. I heard there is ... new shop in town. Let's see what they have!
a. a;
b. an;
c. the;
d. any.
22. "... do you come from?" "Brazil."
a. What;
b. Where;
c. When;
d. Why.
23. Where is Paul? He is talking on the phone to ... sister.
a. her;
b. his;
c. him;
d. hers.
24. Tom usually ... tennis on Saturdays.
a. are playing;
b. is playing;
c. plays;
d. has played.
25. Peter is ... boy in the team.
a. bigger;
b. the biggest;
c. big;
d. more bigger.
26. I live in Barcelona, but my ... town is Madrid.
a. birth;
b. native;
c. home;
d. origin.
27. There is a fantastic ... from the top of the Empire State Building.
a. appearance;
b. place;
c. view;
d. look.
28. Rachel is mad ... the Eurovision Song Contest.
a. from;
b. against;
c. about;
d. for.

29. They were ... out free concert tickets to everyone in the shopping centre.
a. holding;
b. handing;
c. carrying;
d. bringing.
30. I was shocked when I crashed the car, but at least I wasn't ...
a. spoilt;
b. damaged;
c. broken;
d. injured.
31. There is a pack of ... vegetables in the freezer, I think.
a. freezing;
b. iced;
c. frozen;
d. icy.
32. It's sunny, but there is a very cold ... so don't forget your coat.
a. blowing;
b. air;
c. wind;
d. gas.
33. Could you tell me who is in ... here, please?
a. rule;
b. responsibility;
c. charge;
d. organisation.
34. ... my opinion, maths shouldn't be a compulsory subject.
a. From;
b. In;
c. At;
d. To.
35. I didn't find a new shirt, but at ... I got some new jeans.
a. the less;
b. less;
c. least;
d. the least.

C. Partea a III-a: SCRIS

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

36. Choose the correct line to end an informal letter:
a. Yours faithfully,
b. Love faithfully,
c. Best wishes,
d. Yours sincerely,
37. Formal letters are sent to:
a. people you know well ...
b. people in official positions ...
c. colleagues and classmates ...
d. friends and relatives ...

38. Choose the correct line to begin an informal letter:
- Dear Karen,
 - Dear Sir/Madam,
 - Dear Mr. Williams,
 - Dear Advertiser,
39. Which is the correct order?
- Do you go to the library every week?
 - Do you every week go to the library?
 - Every week you do go to the library?
 - You go do every week to the library?
40. An exclamation mark is used:
- to begin a sentence;
 - to end a direct question;
 - to separate words in a list;
 - to end an exclamatory sentence.
41. Choose the correct line to end a formal letter:
- Yours faithfully,
 - Lots of love,
 - Best wishes,
 - Yours,
42. You can write an informal letter to:
- apply for a job;
 - make a complaint;
 - talk about personal problems;
 - give official information.
43. "Sorry to bother you!" is used to express:
- agreement;
 - disagreement;
 - apology;
 - opinion.
44. Which is the correct order?
- In the rain shouldn't go out people without an umbrella.
 - Without an umbrella in the rain people shouldn't go out.
 - People without an umbrella in the rain go out shouldn't.
 - People shouldn't go out in the rain without an umbrella.
45. Choose the correct phrase that best completes the sentence "I am writing ... my last holiday."
- complaining about;
 - to complain to;
 - to complain about;
 - to complain at.

NOTĂ: Evaluarea se efectuează astfel:

- Partea I = 3 puncte (15 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 3 puncte);
- Partea a II-a = 4 puncte (20 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 4 puncte);
- Partea a III-a = 2 puncte (10 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 2 puncte);
- Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu.

GRILA DE EVALUARE

1	a	b	c	d
2	a	b	c	d
3	a	b	c	d
4	a	b	c	d
5	a	b	c	d
6	a	b	c	d
7	a	b	c	d
8	a	b	c	d
9	a	b	c	d
10	a	b	c	d
11	a	b	c	d
12	a	b	c	d
13	a	b	c	d
14	a	b	c	d
15	a	b	c	d

16	a	b	c	d
17	a	b	c	d
18	a	b	c	d
19	a	b	c	d
20	a	b	c	d
21	a	b	c	d
22	a	b	c	d
23	a	b	c	d
24	a	b	c	d
25	a	b	c	d
26	a	b	c	d
27	a	b	c	d
28	a	b	c	d
29	a	b	c	d
30	a	b	c	d

31	a	b	c	d
32	a	b	c	d
33	a	b	c	d
34	a	b	c	d
35	a	b	c	d
36	a	b	c	d
37	a	b	c	d
38	a	b	c	d
39	a	b	c	d
40	a	b	c	d
41	a	b	c	d
42	a	b	c	d
43	a	b	c	d
44	a	b	c	d
45	a	b	c	d

NOMOGRAMA DE TRANSFORMARE A ITEMILOR REZOLVAȚI CORECT ÎN PUNCTAJ ȘI NOTĂ

Nr. de itemi rezolvați corect	Punctaj	Nota	Nr. de itemi rezolvați corect	Punctaj	Nota	Nr. de itemi rezolvați corect	Punctaj	Nota
0	0	1,00						
1	0,20	1,20	16	3,20	4,20	31.	6,20	7,20
2	0,40	1,40	17	3,40	4,40	32.	6,40	7,40
3	0,60	1,60	18	3,60	4,60	33.	6,60	7,60
4	0,80	1,80	19	3,80	4,80	34.	6,80	7,80
5	1,00	2,00	20	4,00	5,00	35.	7,00	8,00
6	1,20	2,20	21	4,20	5,20	36.	7,20	8,20
7	1,40	2,40	22	4,40	5,40	37.	7,40	8,40
8	1,60	2,60	23.	4,60	5,60	38.	7,60	8,60
9	1,80	2,80	24.	4,80	5,80	39.	7,80	8,80
10	2,00	3,00	25.	5,00	6,00	40.	8,00	9,00
11	2,20	3,20	26.	5,20	6,20	41.	8,20	9,20
12	2,40	3,40	27.	5,40	6,40	42.	8,40	9,40
13	2,60	3,60	28.	5,60	6,60	43.	8,60	9,60
14	2,80	3,80	29.	5,80	6,80	44.	8,80	9,80
15	3,00	4,00	30.	6,00	7,00	45.	9,00	10